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ENGLISH EDUCATION AS A TOOL IN WOMEN EMPLOYMENT AND EMPOWERMENT-A REVIEW OF THE EXISTING LITERATURE

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Abstract

Due to its deemed economic and social importance, English is in high demand throughout society. Science, aviation, computing, diplomacy, and tourism all use it. People from all over the world use it as a lingua franca and it is the official language of 53 nations. English language proficiency is highly valued on the job market. Since globalization, English has been a powerful instrument for empowerment. This review paper emphasizes the significance of preparing women through English education for employability and empowerment. In terms of women's educational goals and job prospects, English's status as a universal language gives it immense influence. Looking around, we see that women's life possibilities have increased as a result of English education. Nowadays, women are successful in every field, locally, nationally, and internationally. Education in English and communication abilities both play a significant role in this aspect. Every woman needs to speak English to grow in business and international employment sectors, communicate effectively, and be on par with the rest of the world.

Keywords: English Education, Women Empowerment, Women Employment.

1. Introduction

India is the most populated country in South Asia, with a total population of 1.4286 billion. Nearly half of the population, or 48.39%, are women. Women play a significant role in any country's socioeconomic and national prosperity, yet neither would be possible without the empowerment of women. Women today enjoy an

exclusive position in a society where they receive treatment equally with men. However, not all women are empowered; they are on their way towards the goal. The three pillars of women's empowerment are power to, power with, and power within (Kumar, et al.2014). Enhancing and securing women's economic, political, social, and legal capacities to guarantee equal treatment and give them the confidence to stand up for their rights is known as women's empowerment. The whole development of the community and the nation depends on the empowerment of women, which is not only essential but also crucial. (Mandal et al.2013 May)

English-language education is crucial for the empowerment of women. It's generally accepted

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that knowing English is a necessity for employment. (Durga, S 2018) Women's employment is improved by knowing English. It's widely believed that English is the language of business. Before, all you needed to get a job was a skill; now, English communication is mandatory. To enable job searchers to find rewarding jobs in the current climate, it is essential to lay a special focus on the enhancement of English communication skills.(Pandey, et al 2014) In many business-related situations, including socializing, forecasting, analysing, negotiating, purchasing, writing, persuading, compromising, talking on the phone, advertising, selling, producing, holding interviews, planning, dealing, explaining, and so forth, English is used as the language of communication. English use is also essential for international trade. According to statistics from Mognhode and Zeleke Woldemariam (2015), English is the primary working language of over eighty percent of international corporations. However, the remarkable impacts of globalization have improved English's standing around the world.

The current study was created with the aforementioned goals in mind in order to provide an overview of the literature on English language and women's empowerment.

2. Methodology

2.1. Search methodology and article selection

The present article is a narrative review of the body of English-language academic literature. The terms "English Education," "Women Employment," and "Women Empowerment" were used in a search of the Google Scholar electronic database. The goals of the paper are satisfied by the secondary data collection. A range of secondary sources, comprising journals, conference proceedings, book sections, and other websites, were used to compile the original material for this study. The body of research as a whole has been carefully reviewed and condensed. It is also used to determine the literature's gaps and research priorities.

2.1. Methodological and thematic analysis of selected articles

The majority of the research publications came from Google Scholar. The total number of

papers were grouped into four major categories, which were then used to structure the review. (A) Research highlighting the value of the English language. (b) Research on the topic of women's empowerment in general (c) Research on the employability of women and English education (d) Research on women's empowerment and English education.

Published papers were categorised and summarised in the light of the material that is currently accessible on English language proficiency and women's employability and empowerment. There has been a lot of research on English education and development, but little of it has focused on how English education affects women. The literature that is now available is only from a small number of nations, thus it might not accurately portray life in a place like India. More representative study on these ideas is required, especially from nations like India.

3. Literature Review

3.1 Literature addressing English language and its importance.

With 2 billion speakers, English is the most commonly used language in the world, and being the dominant language of communication in many countries, it has a big impact on people's lives all over the world. It comes in third place for the quantity of native speakers. The fact that it has undeniably established its status as the worldwide language has led to it joining the ranks of globalisation, networking, economic integration, and interest as one of the symbols of our day. (Mauranen, Anna, et al.2009)

English being the most common language connects different cultures, promoting relationships and understanding. In 67 different countries around the world, English is widely spoken. Since English is spoken in 17 of the top 20 universities in the world as of 2020, it can be said that English is the language of academia. According to a research by Cambridge English, even in countries where English is not the official language, over 95% of employers respects the skill. The significance of the English language was discussed in a number of works. The papers in this

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group of publications came from a wider range of countries, including Oman, Indonesia, Chile, India, and Canada.

Table:1

S. No.	Area & Focus of the	Outcome of the Research	Reference
	Research		
1	English language in	One of the many developing nations that has	Al-Issa, Ali S. et
	Oman	regarded English as a crucial language worldwide	al.(2012).[11]
		and a tool to accomplish a variety of goals is the	
		Sultanate of Oman.	
2	English as foreign	The English language is the one that is most	Mappiasse, Sitti
	language in	frequently used in today's society in terms of	Syamsinar .et al. (2014).
	Indonesia	commerce, politics, and other spheres of life.	
3	Iran-student	The findings of this study demonstrated that	Soleimani, Hassan,.
	attitude towards	Iranian medical pupils had a very good attitude	(2013).
	English learning.	toward learning English as a second language.	
4	English language in	English proficiency in Latin America has up until	Matear, Ann. (2008).
	Chile	now been a reflection of the region's economic and	
		political influence structures.	
5	English language	English in India is a double-edged sword, much like	Mishra, P. K. (2000).
	and globalization in	modernity itself, with the promise for a liberating	
	India	future while also actively contributing to the	
		creation and perpetuation of a hierarchical world	
		today	
6	English language in	The fact that English is still a required language in	Boberg, Charles. (2010).
	Canada	the workplace and is closely linked to social	
		mobility was one of the reasons that immigrants	
		desired English language education for their young	
		ones and that many French Canadians themselves	
		felt the need to acquire English	
7	English for tourism	The provision of high-quality services is	Zahedpisheh, Nahid. et
	and hospitality	significantly influenced by English for tourism. The	al.(2017).
	industry	value of having a strong command of English at	
		work is fully and intensely understood by those	
		who work in the tourism and hospitality sectors.	
8	English In Korea	It can be concluded from these past developments	Jeong, Young-Kuk
		and the idea of globalization that English has, at	(2004).
		various points, been seen as both a means of	
		catching up with the West's technological and	
		commercial expansion.	

3.3. Literature addressing to women empowerment.

Women's empowerment refers to giving women the power to make their own decisions. Women's

empowerment at the individual level revolves around three factors: health, education, and empowerment. (Panigrahy, et al. 2006).

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Women were viewed as virtually nonexistent in many societies. Through the years, women have endured a lot of suffering at the hands of males. Women face discrimination from conception to death.(Sundaram, M. Shunmuga. 2014)

Table:2

Sl.No	Area &Focus of	Outcome of Research	Reference
	Research		
1	Education and	The national economy will be strengthened when	Shetty, Sowjanya,et al.
	empowerment	women, who make up roughly half of the	(2015).
		population, are given more authority.	
2	Women	Access to school and work are merely enabling	Nayak, Purusottam,.et
	empowerment in	variables for empowerment; success in achieving	al.(2012).
	India	the aim, however, largely hinges on public	
		perceptions of gender equality.	
3	Women	Women's empowerment and decreased fertility,	Upadhyay. et al. (2014).
	empowerment	longer intervals between births, and lower rates of	
	and fertility	unwanted pregnancy have some favourable links.	
4	Socio-economic	Because of cultural and social norms, traditions,	Bushra, .et al. (2015).
	determinants of	poverty, religious beliefs, illiteracy, lack of public	
	women	awareness, and a high childbearing rate, women in	
	empowerment in	developing economies like Pakistan are powerless.	
	Pakistan		
5	Sports and	The potential exists for female athletes to feel their	Theberge, Nancy. (1987,
	Women	physical stamina and ability and to create	January).
	empowerment.	organizations that foster these attributes in the	
		female community.	
6	Information and	Women's digital activities demonstrate that they	Shirazi, Farid. (2012).
	communication	are a powerful tool for engaging in communicative	
	technology and	debate and inspiring Iranian women to fight for a	
	women	just and equitable society.	
	empowerment.		
9	Role of Media in	The media has a crucial role to play in accelerating	Narayana, A., & et al.
	women	the process of women's emancipation, which will	(2016).
	empowerment.	result in their economic empowerment.	
7	Determinants of	-	Chaudhry, et al. (2009).
	women	sociocultural norms, employment rates for	
	empowerment in	women, and household involvement rates all have	
	southern Punjab	a significant impact on women's empowerment.	
8	IMPACT model	In Tehran, employment and income have a	Gholipour, et al. (2010).
	women	significant impact on women's empowerment.	
	empowerment		
9	Women	The United Arab Emirates tops the list of the three	Abou-Shouk, et al.(2021).
	empowerment	Arab nations examined in this study for the	
	and tourism	influence of women's empowerment on tourism	
	development.	growth, followed by Egypt and Oman.	
10	Women	Empowering women increases their capacity to	Mainuddin, A. K. M., et al.
	empowerment	make choices regarding their pursuit of health. For	(2015).

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and its relation	Bangladesh to build an integrated strategy for
with health-	health and development and to meet the MDGs, it
seeking behavior	is crucial to acknowledge and implement the
in Bangladesh.	effects of these results.

3.4 English Education and Employment.

English proficiency is one of the most essential employability skills because it is the language that is used in business the most. One of the basic requirements for employment is the ability to communicate effectively in English. The majority of

businesses view a candidate's proficiency in English speaking as one of the key selection criteria. One of the most crucial and in-demand abilities is the communication skill. English language ability has a significant impact on fresh graduates' employment prospects. (Abdul Kadir et al.)

Table 3:

SI.No.	Area &Focus of	Outcome of the research	Reference
	Research		
1	English language	It was discovered that one's English language	Roshid, M. M., et al. (2013).
	proficiency and	proficiency has an impact on career chances in a	
	employment.	variety of ways, particularly when it comes to	
		influencing the likelihood of "secure" and "better"	
		positions.	
2	English use-prior	About 60% of respondents attended additional	Rajprasit, K. (2014).
	to and after	English language training before job recruitment.	
	employment.	Even inexperienced engineers employed	
		by national companies (60% of all) set their	
		English language skills ahead of job recruitment	
		and needed to demonstrate the ability to	
		communicate to their present place of	
		employment before employment, as evidenced	
		by the fact that more than half of them (59.5%)	
		used the results of the English proficiency test to	
		apply for their current job.	
3	Language,	criteria for English language proficiency method	Piller, Ingrid et al. (2014)
	employment and	for flexible labour supply is acceptable politically.	
	settlement.		
4	English language	Even after correcting for characteristics	Dávila et al. (2004)
	skills and earnings	influencing self-employment selection, English	
	in United States.	ability for foreign-born entrepreneurs increased	
		in importance as a predictor of earnings in 1990	
		compared to 1980.	
5	English and	It is discovered that the average expected	Shields et al. (2001)
	immigrant	employment prospects are reduced by 20–25	
	employment.	percentage points by a lack of English language	
		proficiency.	

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3.5 English Language Education and Women Empowerment

It is commonly agreed that the spread of English has had a significant impact on women. A great deal of women in the globe now have access to English knowledge. It is also considered that knowing English increases women's abilities and powers. English education is a watershed moment in women's emancipation because it helps them to

respond to problems, question their established roles, and transform their lives by opening new doors and giving them social status. As a result, English education eliminates inequities and serves as a weapon for women's empowerment. Participation in English classes can help them feel more empowered. (Lydia, D et al.(2021)

SI. No	Area &Focus of	Outcome of Research	Reference
	Research		
1	English study	Girls are more motivated than boys to learn a	Xiong, Xin. (2010).
	differences	foreign language, and the majority of girls	
	among girls and	want to learn English. increase their level of	
	boys	empowerment	
2	Girls are better in	Girls possess a variety of social, cognitive, and	Coskun, Lokman. (2014).
	learning a foreign	educational characteristics that influence	
	language	their ability to learn a foreign language.	
3	Women learning	This textual analysis argues that, English	Setyono, Budi (2018).
	a foreign	becomes more essential in a transcultural and	
	language	post-feminist world.	
4	Women and	The quantity and prominence of women on	Altman, et al. (2008).
	international	foreign assignments has gradually increased in	
	assignments.	the twenty-first century.	
5	Women in	While women are increasingly choosing	Forster, Nick(1999)
	international	international assignments (IAs), they	
	assignments.	dominate the market in junior and managerial	
		positions, have fewer choices in terms of the	
		nations to which they can be posted, and are	
		hampered in some countries by cultural	
		prejudices about 'proper' gender roles.	
6	Women in	Women are not only capable of succeeding in	Dawson, et al. (1987).
	international	business, but they also make great	
	management	international executives.	
7	English language	High English proficiency could pave the path	Islam, M. T.,
	is contributor to	for them to participate in the global economy,	
	women	which is an optimistic objective for a nation's	
	empowerment.	development.	
8	English as	English learning population has the potential	Brutt-Griffler, et al.(2018)
	gender neutral	to revolutionize the language and provide	
	language.	new pathways for identity construction for the	
		expanding number of female English users	
		globally.	
9	Immigrant	A variety of variables have a negative impact	Guruge, et al. (2009).
	women and	on these women's experiences: Inadequate	
		service familiarity, insufficient services and	

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	language	methods of intervention, a lack of linguistic	
	accessibility	and culturally appropriate services, a lack of	
		accessibility and integration of services,	
		concerns about confidentiality, and	
		discriminatory and racist practices	
		incorporated into services and service delivery	
10	English medium	The women associated HME with their failure	Sandhu, et al.(2018).
	education and	to obtain "good" positions and incomes, and	
	social structures	hence held it primarily responsible for	
		intensifying their gender- and class-based	
		marginalization. Analysis also demonstrated	
		how they rejected such subordination to	
		varied degrees.	

4. Conclusions and further directions

It is evident that English Education - women's employment and empowerment has been a less investigated issue, despite the fact that there are now only a few large-scale observational studies accessible in this sector. Inspite the relatively poor quality of the data, both nationally and internationally, there are nevertheless many insightful observations and recommendations in the research that is currently available. There are potential and challenges as the number of women who have benefited from English education rises: It can be difficult to put English education strategies into practise in remote locations. To evaluate the breadth of English Education in the areas that are not covered, more study is required, even in the form of initial or pilot studies. The standard of education must also be raised in order to instil the English communication skills that are essential for empowerment. To do this, excellent teachers and textbooks must be used.

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